

Penalization of Transnational Crimes in the Domestic Legal Order: The Case of Poland

Authors : Magda Olesiuk-Okomska

Abstract : The degree of international interdependence has grown significantly. Poland is a party to nearly 1000 binding multilateral treaties, including international legal instruments devoted to criminal matters and obliging the state to penalize certain crimes. The paper presents results of a theoretical research conducted as a part of doctoral research. The main hypothesis assumed that there was a separate category of crimes to penalization of which Poland was obliged under international legal instruments; that a catalogue of such crimes and a catalogue of international legal instruments providing for Poland's international obligations had never been compiled in the domestic doctrine, thus there was no mechanism for monitoring implementation of such obligations. In the course of the research, a definition of transnational crimes was discussed and confronted with notions of international crimes, treaty crimes, as well as cross-border crimes. A list of transnational crimes penalized in the Polish Penal Code as well as in non-code criminal law regulations was compiled; international legal instruments, obliging Poland to criminalize and penalize specific conduct, were enumerated and catalogued. It enabled the determination whether Poland's international obligations were implemented in domestic legislation, as well as the formulation of *de lege lata* and *de lege ferenda* postulates. Implemented research methods included *inter alia* a dogmatic and legal method, an analytical method and desk research.

Keywords : international criminal law, transnational crimes, transnational criminal law, treaty crimes

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